# Integrated Vector Management Adult Mosquito Application Guidelines

Initiation Criteria		
Mosquito-borne disease isolated from a <b>mosquito or mosquito pool</b> within the District boundaries?	yes →	Delineate treatment area
no •		
<b>Serological conversion</b> to a mosquito—borne disease in a <b>sentinel chicken</b> or other animal within the District boundaries?	yes →	Delineate treatment area
no •		
<b>Mosquito-borne disease</b> detected in a live or dead bird or other animal within the District boundaries?	yes →	Delineate treatment area
no •		
<b>Human illness</b> caused by mosquito-borne pathogen within the District boundaries?	yes →	Delineate treatment area
no •		
Mosquito Magnet*1 or EVS Trap collection within the District boundaries of	100 or more female Culex tarsalis a collection for three consecutive days → and/or  150 or more female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia, species a collection for three consecutive days→ and/or  200 or more total female mosquitoes a collection for three consecutive days→	Delineate treatment area
less than 100 female Culex tarsalis a collection for three consecutive days  and/or less than 150 female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for three consecutive days and/or less than 200 total female mosquitoes a collection for three consecutive days		
American Light or Gravid Trap collection within the District boundaries of	10 or more female Culex tarsalis a collection for three consecutive days → and/or 25 or more female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for three consecutive days → and/or 50 or more total female mosquitoes a collection for three consecutive days →	Delineate treatment area
less than 10 female Culex tarsalis a collection for three consecutive days  and/or less than 25 female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for three consecutive days  and/or less than 50 total female mosquitoes a night for three consecutive days		
One-minute sweep net or landing count collection within the District boundaries	10 or more female Aedes or Ochlerotatus species → and/or 25 or more female mosquitoes →	Delineate treatment area
less than <b>10 female</b> Aedes or Ochlerotatus species and/or		
less than 25 female mosquitoes		
Do Not Institute Adult Mosquito Management Measures		

### **Integrated Vector Management**

Adult Mosquito Application Guidelines

#### **Delineate Treatment Area**

Define the Boundaries of the Treatment Area and Consider Agricultural and Land Use Practices

Agricultural and Land Use Practices		
Are endangered or threatened species present?	yes →	Consider the presence of Endangered or Threatened Species then Consider Meteorological Conditions within the Delineated Treatment Area
no <b>Ψ</b>		
Environmentally sensitive habitat?	yes →	Consider Treatments Compatible with a Sensitive Habitat then Consider Meteorological Conditions within the Delineated Treatment Area
no <b>V</b>		
Organically grown crops?	yes →	Consider Treatments That Meet Organic Standards then Consider Meteorological Conditions within the Delineated Treatment Area
no <b>V</b>		
Consider Meteorological Conditions within the Delineated Treatment Area	]	
Meteorological Conditions		
Temperature inversion?	Less than 1° →	Delay Instituting Adult Mosquito Management Measures
Greater than 1°		
Wind speed?	more than 8 mph →	Delay Instituting Adult Mosquito Management Measures
less than 8 mph		
Institute Ground ULV Adult Mosquito Management Measures with Appropriate Public Health Pesticide or other Adult control measures		

# **Airplane ULV Adult Mosquito Management Measures**

Follow Above Criteria EXCEPT:

 $1^\circ$  Inversion is not necessary to conduct Adult Mosquito Management Measures Wind Speed criteria will be established by label of Public Health Pesticide used

Continuance Criteria mosquito-borne disease not detected (mosquito-borne disease detected) 24 hour EVS trap or Mosquito Magnet Trap collection with 100 (25) or more female Culex tarsalis → Consider and/or 150 (50) or more of any female Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, **Environmental** Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species → Conditions and/or 200 (75) or more total female mosquitoes → less than 100 (25) female Culex tarsalis and/or less than 150 (50) female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species and/or less than 200 (75) total female mosquitoes **25 (10)** or more **female** *Culex tarsalis* → 24 hour American Light or Gravid Trap collection with and/or Consider 50 (25) or more female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, **Environmental** Conditions Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species → and/or **75** (50) or more total **female** mosquitoes → less than 25 (10) female Culex tarsalis and/or less than 50 (25) female of any Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia, species and/or less than 75 (50) total **female** mosquitoes 10 or more female Aedes or Ochlerotatus species → Consider One-Minute Sweep Net or Landing Count collection with **Environmental** 25 or more female mosquitoes → Conditions less than 10 female Aedes or Ochlerotatus species and/or less than 25 female mosquitoes **Do Not Institute Adult Mosquito Management Measures** 

## **Integrated Vector Management**

Adult Mosquito Application Guidelines

#### **Termination Criteria**

Date?

after December 1st

Terminate Adult Mosquito **Applications** within the rice culture production area or delineated treatment area

before December 1st



Mosquito Magnet or EVS Trap collection with

less than 100 (25) female Culex tarsalis a collection for five consecutive days-

and/or

less than 150 (50) of any female Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for five consecutive days ->

less than 200 (75) total female mosquitoes a collection for five consecutive days→

**Terminate Adult** Mosquito Applications within the rice culture production area or delineated treatment area

100 (25) or more female Culex tarsalis a collection for five consecutive days

and/or

150 (50) or more of any female Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for five consecutive days and/or

**200** (75) or more total **female** mosquitoes a collection for **five** consecutive days

American Light or Gravid Trap collection with

less than 25 (10) female Culex tarsalis a collection for five consecutive days 🗲

less than 50 (25) of any female Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for five consecutive days→

less than 50 (25) total female mosquitoes a collection for five consecutive days 🛨

**Terminate Adult** Mosquito Applications within the rice culture production area or delineated treatment area

25 (10) or more female Culex tarsalis a collection for five consecutive days

and/or

50 (25) or more of any female Aedes, Anopheles, Coquillettidia, Culex, Culiseta, Ochlerotatus, or Orthopodomyia species a collection for five consecutive days

with

50 (25) or more total female mosquitoes a collection for five consecutive days

One-minute Sweep Net or Landing Count collection

less than 10 female Aedes or Ochlerotatus during the next sampling period >

and/or

less than 25 female mosquitoes a night for next sampling period -

**Terminate Adult** Mosquito Applications within the ricefield production area or delineated treatment zone

10 or more female Aedes or Ochlerotatus species for the next sampling period

and/or

Environmental conditions?

25 or more female mosquitoes a night next sampling period

**10 consecutive nights** unfavorable for ULV treatments →

Terminate Adult Mosquito **Applications** within the rice culture production area or delineated treatment area

favorable for adult mosquito management measures



**Continue to Consider Continuance Criteria** 

#### **Integrated Vector Management**

Adult Mosquito Application Guidelines

#### Factors that may influence the implementation or modify the program

- 1. Availability of a suitable adulticiding material
- 2. Susceptibility of mosquito populations to adulticiding materials
- 3. Environmental conditions not listed in the program
- 4. Availability of District funding or resources
- 5. Legal or political legislation
- 6. Unforeseen biological conditions
- 7. Presence or absence of mosquito-borne disease

#### \*1 Adult Mosquito Surveillance Devices

All geographic areas delineated as ricefield production regions should have at least one adult mosquito surveillance device within that area.

#### \*2 Delineation of Treatment Area

The Adulticide Airplane Coordinator, or designee determined by the Manager, will define the boundaries of the treatment area.

#### Public health pesticide (PHP) use and resistance management

- 1. Consult PHP's label before treatment
- 2. Apply PHP's within the same class or mode of activity on a rotational basis by the following guidelines unless no other alternatives are available:
  - a. Rotate to a new class after five consecutive applications to the same site.

Note: applications can be over more than one year